

**In the Claims**

1. (Original) An imager comprising:

- a) a photosensitive surface;
  - b) a light source which produces at least one scanning light beam;
  - c) a deflector, arranged to deflect the at least one scanning light beam onto the photosensitive surface;
  - d) a sensor which measures the orientation of the deflector;
  - e) a controller operative to determine a placement error of said at least one scanning beam on the photosensitive surface, responsive to the orientation measurement by the sensor; and
  - f) an actuator, responsive to the displacement error, and arranged to change the direction of deflection of the at least one light beam by the deflector,
- wherein the sensor is configured to measure the orientation of the deflector substantially at a null in a vibrational mode of the deflector.

2. (Original) An imager according to claim 1 wherein the photosensitive surface is a moving surface.

3. (Original) An imager according to claim 2 wherein the controller determines said placement error relative to a desired position of said photosensitive surface.

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2 4. (Currently amended) An imager according to claim 2 ~~or claim 3~~,  
3 wherein the moving photosensitive surface comprises the surface of a rotating  
4 cylinder.

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7 5. (Cancelled)

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9 6. (Currently amended) An imager according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~  
10 ~~1-5~~, wherein the sensor is an optical sensor.

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13 7. (Original) An imager according to claim 6, wherein the sensor  
14 comprises:

- 15 a) a second light source which produces a second light beam;  
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17 b) a second deflector, fixed to the deflector or a support of the deflector,  
18 which deflects the second light beam; and  
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20 c) an optical position sensor which measures a position of the deflected  
21 second light beam.  
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1           8. (Original) An imager according to claim 7, wherein the second light  
2 source comprises a laser, and the second light beam strikes a surface of the optical  
3 position sensor at an oblique angle, thereby avoiding reflection of the second light  
4 beam from the optical position sensor back into the laser.

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6           9. (Currently amended) An imager according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~  
7 ~~1-8~~, wherein the vibrational mode is the lowest frequency vibrational mode of the  
8 deflector.

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11           10. (Currently amended) An imager according to claim 9 ~~any of claims~~  
12 ~~1-9~~, wherein the vibrational mode is a torsional mode.

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15           11. (Currently amended) An imager according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~  
16 ~~1-10~~, wherein the null is substantially at the center of the deflector in the scan  
17 direction.

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19           12. (Currently amended) An imager according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~  
20 ~~1-11~~ wherein the deflection of the at least one scanning light beam is controlled in  
21 a closed loop control system, utilizing said sensor measurement as feedback  
22 signal.

1           13. (Currently amended)   An imager according to claim 12 ~~any of claims~~  
2 ~~1-12~~, wherein the feedback would be positive at the frequency of the vibrational  
3 mode if the sensor were to measure the deflector at a maximum of the vibrational  
4 mode.

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6           14. (Currently amended)   An imager according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~  
7 ~~1-13~~, wherein the actuator is attached to at least one end of the deflector in the  
8 scan direction, and rotates the deflector around an axis substantially parallel to the  
9 scan direction, and where the sensor measures the orientation of the deflector.

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12           15. (Currently amended)   An imager according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~  
13 ~~1-14~~ wherein the deflector is a mirror.

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16           16. (Currently amended)   An imager according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~  
17 ~~1-14~~ wherein the deflector is a prism.

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19           17. (Currently amended)   An imager according claim 1 ~~any of claims 1-16~~  
20 wherein the imager is a printer or copier.

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23           18. (Cancelled)

1           19. (Original) A method of producing an image on a photosensitive surface  
2 in an imager, wherein a cross-scan position of a scan line with respect to the  
3 photosensitive surface may vary from an expected position, the method  
4 comprising:

5                   a) deflecting a scanning light beam, utilizing a deflector, such that  
6 the deflected scanning light beam falls on the photosensitive surface, thereby  
7 producing a plurality of lines of the image;

8                   c) changing the orientation of the deflector, to correct an error in the  
9 cross-scan position of the lines on the photosensitive surface, caused by said  
10 variation;

11                   d) measuring the orientation of the deflector; and

12                   e) controlling the change in the orientation of the deflector in  
13 response to the measurement of orientation of the deflector,  
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15                   wherein the measurement of the orientation of the deflector is made  
16 at a location on the deflector in the vicinity of a null of a vibrational mode of the  
17 deflector.  
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20           20. (Original) A method according to claim 19 wherein the photosensitive  
21 surface is a moving surface.  
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1           21. (Original) A method according to claim 20, also including:

2           a) measuring the position of the photosensitive surface; and

3           b) finding a difference between the measured position or orientation and an  
4 expected position or orientation;

5                       wherein changing the orientation of the deflector comprises  
6 changing the orientation by an amount and in a direction which depends on said  
7 difference.  
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10           22. (Cancelled)

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13           23. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 20 ~~or claim 21~~,  
14 wherein the moving photosensitive surface comprises the surface of a moving belt.

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16           24. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 19 ~~any of claims~~  
17 ~~19-23~~, wherein the measurement is optical.  
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1           25. (Original) A method according to claim 24, wherein the measurement  
2 comprises:

3           a) reflecting a second light beam from a second deflector fixed to the  
4 deflector or to a support of the deflector; and

5           b) measuring a position of the reflected second light beam.  
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8           26. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 19 ~~any of claims~~  
9 ~~19-25~~, wherein the vibrational mode is the lowest frequency vibrational mode.  
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12           27. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 26 ~~any of claims~~  
13 ~~19-26~~, wherein the vibrational mode is a torsional mode.  
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15           28. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 19 ~~any of claims~~  
16 ~~19-27~~, wherein the null is substantially at the center of the deflector in the scan  
17 direction.  
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20           29. (Currently amended) A method according claim 19 ~~any of claims 19-~~  
21 ~~28~~ wherein the deflection of the at least one scanning light beam is controlled in a  
22 closed loop control system, utilizing said measurement of deflection as feedback  
23 signal.  
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1 30 -34 (Cancelled)

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